SPH3U: Forces Unit Rubrics

Use these rubrics to help assess the quality of your representations.

Interaction Diagrams

An attempt (1-2)	Needs some improvement (3-4)	Acceptable (5)	Exemplar = $5/5$
 Interaction diagram is constructed but contains many errors or a major error: Missing or extra interactions (for the appropriate interval of time) Missing or extra objects (for the appropriate interval of time) 	Interaction diagram contains no major errors, but might have a few minor errors.	 The diagram contains all appropriate interactions and only the interacting objects. System objects are enclosed in a shape (circle) Each interaction is shown by one line (without arrows) connecting specific objects in the system or environment Each interaction is labeled with a single letter (not a force symbol) Each object's name is written only once 	hand t wagon f n g sidewalk Earth

Force Diagrams

An attempt (1-2)	Needs some improvement (3-4)	Acceptable (5)	Exemplar = 5/5
 Force diagram is constructed but contains many errors or a major error: Missing or extra forces (not matching with the interaction diagram) Incorrect directions of arrows or incorrect relative length of force arrows. 	Force diagram contains no major errors, but might have a few minor errors.	 The diagram is large, clear and has a coordinate system It contains all appropriate forces and matches the interaction diagram. Each force is labeled with a unique symbol that has a vector arrow. 3rd law force notation (F_{g e-b}) is used if there are multiple systems or similar forces Relative lengths of force arrows are correct, equal sized forces are shown with a "tick" mark. Acceleration vector is drawn if appropriate. 	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Newton's 2nd Law Expressions

An attempt (1-2)	Needs some improvement (3-4)	Acceptable (5)	Exemplar = $5/5$
 Expressions for Newton's 2nd Law are constructed but contain many errors or a major error: missing or extra forces (not matching with the force diagram) <i>x</i>- and <i>y</i>- forces are appear in wrong equation one equation contains forces from both <i>x</i>- and <i>y</i>- directions 	Force diagram contains no major errors, but might have a few minor errors.	 The process begins by writing the original 2nd law equation for each direction that has forces (i.e. F_{net x}= ma_x) Each force is written with a unique force symbol and does not have a vector arrow symbol. 3rd law force notation (F_{g e-b}) is used if there are multiple systems / similar forces Direction of the force is shown using the sign convention. If there is no acceleration, the equation equals zero. 	$F_{net x} = ma_x$ $F_t - F_f = ma_x$ $F_{net y} = ma_y$ $F_n - F_g = 0$

SPH4U: Motion Unit Rubrics

Component Triangles

An attempt (1-2)	Needs some improvement (3-4)	Acceptable (5)	Exemplar = $5/5$
 Triangle is constructed but contains many errors or a major error: Vector's direction is misleading The angle is not at the tail of the vector The diagram is mislabeled 	Component triangle contains no major errors, but might have a few minor errors.	 Components are drawn as arrows with dashed or coloured lines. All three sides are labeled The angle is shown at the tail of the vector. Triangle clearly shows which component is larger Vector's direction is reasonable Components are labeled with the same symbol as the vector plus a subscript. (Displacement is the exception) 	\vec{v} v_v θ v_x

Component Math

An attempt (1-2)	Needs some improvement (3-4)	Acceptable (5)	Exemplar = $5/5$
 Math is present but contains many errors or a major error: Steps are missing Component triangle missing Problem with vector ideas 	Work contains no major errors, but might have a few minor errors	 Component triangle included with math work Appropriate physics symbols used Substitutions have units Both quantities on each side of the equals sign are written with vector or component notation (see pg.22) Final 2-D vector written with vector notation 	$\Delta x = 3.1 \text{ m},$ $\Delta y = -2.7 \text{ m}$ Δx $\Delta d = \sqrt{\Delta x^2 + \Delta y^2}$ $= \sqrt{(3.1 \text{ m})^2 + (-2.7 \text{ m})^2}$ $= 4.111 \text{ m}$ $\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{ \Delta y }{ \Delta x }\right) = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{ -2.7 \text{ m} }{ 3.1 \text{ m} }\right)$ $= 41.05^{\circ}$ $\therefore \Delta \vec{d} = 4.11 \text{ m} \text{ [E } 41.1^{\circ}\text{S]}$

Vector Math

An attempt (1-2)	Needs some improvement (3-4)	Acceptable (5)	Exemplar = $5/5$
Direction is missing	Work contains no major errors, but might have a few minor errors	 Only vector or square- bracket notation is used Directions are included every time a vector quantity is written out 	$\Delta \vec{d} = \vec{v} \Delta t$ = 6.7 m/s [E 41.1°S] (0.6134 s) = 4.11 m [E 41.1°S]

Projectile Solutions

An attempt (1-2)	Needs some improvement (3-4)	Acceptable (5)	Exemplar = $5/5$
Solution contains many errors or a major error: • Components are not used	Solution contains no major errors, but might have a few minor errors.	 Part A: includes a component triangle Part A: component calculations use sign convention correctly Part A: list of horizontal and vertical information Part B: motion diagram shows dot pattern for horizontal, vertical, and combined motions. Vector notation (v) is only used to label diagrams or with square bracket notation 	

SPH4U Forces Unit Rubrics

Interaction Diagrams

An attempt (1-2)	Needs some improvement (3-4)	Acceptable (5)	Exemplar = $5/5$
 Interaction diagram is constructed but contains many errors or a major error: Missing or extra interactions (for the appropriate interval of time) Missing or extra objects (for the appropriate interval of time) 	Interaction diagram contains no major errors, but might have a few minor errors.	 The diagram contains all appropriate interactions and only the interacting objects. System objects are enclosed in a shape (circle) Each interaction is shown by one line (without arrows) connecting specific objects in the system or environment Each interaction is labeled with a single letter (not a force symbol) Each object's name is written only once 	hand t wagon f n g sidewalk Earth

Force Diagrams

An attempt (1-2)	Needs some improvement (3-4)	Acceptable (5)	Exemplar = 5/5
 Force diagram is constructed but contains many errors or a major error: Missing or extra forces (not matching with the interaction diagram) Incorrect directions of arrows or incorrect relative length of force arrows. 	Force diagram contains no major errors, but might have a few minor errors.	 The diagram is large, clear and has a coordinate system It contains all appropriate forces and matches the interaction diagram. Each force is labeled with a unique symbol that has a vector arrow. 3rd law force notation (F_{g e-b}) is used if there are multiple systems or similar forces Relative lengths of force arrows are correct, equal sized forces or components are shown with a "tick" mark. Components are shown using dashed lines (or coloured lines) with arrowheads and an angle is shown at the tail of the vector. Acceleration vector is drawn if appropriate. 	$\vec{F}_{f} \xleftarrow{\vec{F}_{g}} \vec{F}_{g}$

Newton's 2nd Law Expressions

An attempt (1-2)	Needs some	Acceptable (5)	Exemplar = $5/5$
	improvement		
	(3-4)		
Expressions for Newton's 2 nd	Force	• The process begins by writing the original	$F_{net x} = ma_x$
Law are constructed but	diagram	2^{nd} law component equation (i.e. $F_{net x} = ma_x$)	$F_t \cos \theta - F_f = 0$
contain many errors or a major	contains no	• Each force is written with a unique force	
error:	major errors,	symbol and does not have a vector arrow	$F_{net y} = ma_y$
• missing or extra forces	but might	symbol.	$F_n + F_t \sin \theta - F_g = 0$
(not matching with the	have a few	• 3^{rd} law force notation (F_{ge-b}) is used if there	
force diagram)	minor errors.	are multiple systems / similar forces	
• <i>x</i> - and <i>y</i> - forces are		• Force components are written with a <i>sin</i> or	
appear in wrong equation		cos function	
 one equation contains 		• Direction of the force or component is shown	
forces from both <i>x</i> - and <i>y</i> -		using the sign convention.	
directions		• If there is no acceleration, the equation equals zero.	

Adapted from E. Etkina, ISLE Laboratory Program, https://sites.google.com/site/scientificabilities/rubrics

SPH4U: Energy and Momentum Unit Rubrics

Momentum Bar Charts

An attempt (1-2)	Needs some improvement (3-4)	Acceptable (5)	Exemplar = $5/5$
 Bar chart is constructed but contains many errors or a major error: Missing or extra bars Bar chart math does not work out (Initial + change = final) 	Momentum bar chart contains no major errors, but might have a few minor errors.	 Momentum bars are labeled with numbers for moments in time and letters for objects ("p_{A1}") Labels for the bars form an impulsemomentum equation. Bars reflect a reasonable estimation of the mass and velocities of the objects Bars show correct direction for momenta Bars show the important differences or changes in momentum 	p_{A1} + J = p_{A2} + p_{B2} + 0

Energy Flow Diagrams

An attempt (1-2)	Needs some improvement (3-4)	Acceptable (5)	Exemplar = $5/5$
 Energy flow diagram is constructed but contains many errors or a major error: Missing or extra energy flow lines Inappropriate objects in system or environment 	Energy flow diagram contains no major errors, but might have a few minor errors.	 Event numbers show the initial and final moments in time that are being compared Each interaction involved in a flow of energy is represented by a single line with an arrow head Only objects names are written and only objects that are involved in an energy flow are shown Energy flow diagram shows the same transfers as the energy bar chart. 	1-2 hand cart track (agrees with work-energy bar chart below)

Work-Energy Bar Chart

An attempt (1-2)	Needs some improvement (3-4)	Acceptable (5)	Exemplar = $5/5$
 Work-energy bar chart is constructed but contains many errors or a major error: Missing or extra bars Bar chart math does not work out (Initial + change = final) 	Work-energy bar chart contains no major errors, but might have a few minor errors.	 Energy bars are labeled with numbers for moments in time and letters for energy label ("E_{k1}") Labels for the bars form a work- energy equation. Bars reflect a reasonable estimation of the quantities Bars show correct sign for energies Bars show the important differences or changes in energy Bar chart shows the same energy transfers as the energy flow diagram 	$E_{k1} + W_{ext} = E_{k2} + E_{th}$ + 0 - (agrees with energy flow diagram above)